## VIRTUAL FIELD TRIP ASSIGNMENT (PART II) Bird & Habitat Study

**Instructions:** Watch the <u>Ocean Connectors Virtual Field Trip: Bird & Habitat Study (Part II)</u>. Then answer the questions below using *complete sentences*.

- **1.** What are microscopes used for?
- 2. What items do you think we will look at today?
- **3.** Choose two of the plants and describe the differences:
- 4. Explain some of the differences between the butterfly leg and the honeybee leg.
- **5.** What is sand made of?
- **6.** What is the definition of migration?
- 7. What is the Pacific Flyway?
- 8. What are the three most important things to look at to help you identify a bird?
- 9. What are some of the problems that birds like the least tern face?
- **10.** What is your favorite species of bird that we see in San Diego? Explain why.

## VIRTUAL FIELD TRIP ASSIGNMENT (PART II) Bird & Habitat Study Answer Key

**Instructions:** Watch the <u>Ocean Connectors Virtual Field Trip: Bird & Habitat Study (Part II)</u>. Then answer the questions below using *complete sentences*.

- **1.** What are microscopes used for? (0:47) *Microscopes are tools that scientists use to make small things much larger for us to see clearly.*
- **2.** What items do you think we will look at today? (1:26) We will be looking at native and invasive plant leaves, a water sample, shark teeth, a stingray barb, prepared microscope slides, and minerals.
- **3.** Choose two of the plants and describe the differences. (1:55)
- **4.** Explain some of the differences between the butterfly leg and the honeybee leg. (4:10) *The butterfly leg is thinner, less hairy, and longer than the honeybee leg. The honeybee leg is shorter, has more hair, and has a very clear hook on the end of its toe.*
- **5.** What is sand made of? (5:50) *Sand is mostly made of minerals.*
- **6.** What is the definition of migration? (7:02) *Migration is when animals move from one place to another for food or to have offspring.*
- 7. What is the Pacific Flyway? (7:27) The Pacific Flyway is a migratory route along the west coast of North America. Migratory birds fly from Alaska and Canada to the warm areas of Mexico.
- **8.** What are the three most important things to look at to help you identify a bird? (8:12) *The three most important things to help you identify a bird are its beak, coloration, and feet.*
- **9.** What are some of the problems that birds like the least tern face? (10:56) *Development and loss of nesting habitat, dogs and off-leash animals that disturb their nests, and house cats that are let outdoors can kill them.*
- **10.** What is your favorite species of bird that we see in San Diego? Explain why.